

**Your final exam will consist of 100 scantron questions covering the information below.*

Chapters 1 and 2

1. What hemisphere is Georgia located in?
2. How many counties in Georgia?
3. Which geographic region do we live in (it is the most populated)?
4. What is the largest geographic region?
5. What is the longest river in Georgia?
6. What two large bodies of water do Georgia's rivers flow into?
7. What two geographic regions are divided by the fall line?
8. What region is Georgia located in (within the U.S.)?

Chapter 3

9. What does an archaeologist study?
10. What does an anthropologist study?
11. What is the difference between artifacts and fossils?
12. Of the four ancient Indian cultures that we studied, which was the most advanced?

Chapter 4

13. Who was the first European explorer to explore Georgia (he was from Spain? What year? What was he searching for?)
14. What three European countries struggled to establish early settlements in Georgia?
15. How did the first Asians migrate to Alaska?

Chapter 4 and 5

16. Explain the system of mercantilism.
17. What year was the Georgia colony founded and who granted permission? Number of colony?
18. Why did England allow Georgia to be founded?
19. What was Georgia's original western boundary when the colony was first started (although no one settled this far)?
20. What groups were not allowed when the Georgia colony first began?
21. Where did the first Georgia colonists settle and how did they arrive?
22. Identify James Oglethorpe and Chief Tomochichi.
23. Who were the Trustees and which rules of theirs did the colonists eventually disagree with?
24. What did the King of England proclaim after the French and Indian War that angered the colonists?

Chapter 5

25. What was the Stamp Act? Quartering Act?
26. Explain the significance of the Declaration of Independence. Also, what was the date?
27. Name the three Georgians that signed the Declaration. What was the main writer of the Declaration?
28. What was the difference between a "patriot" and a "loyalist" during the Revolution?
29. How did Georgia's western boundary change after the Revolutionary War was over?

Chapter 6

30. What was the first attempt to unite the 13 colonies in the U.S. government? (It failed and was replaced by Constitution)
31. What two Georgians signed the Constitution?
32. What does the U.S. Congress include? How is it set up? How many Georgians do we send there?
33. Georgia was the _____ state to ratify the U.S. Constitution.
34. What is the preamble? What does the Bill of Rights include?
35. Explain the concepts of Separation of Powers. Explain the concept of Checks and Balances.

Chapter 6

36. What did the Yazoo Land Fraud involve?
37. Two largest Indian tribes in Georgia?
38. Sequoyah's contribution to the Indians?
39. What was the "Trail of Tears" and what contributed to the removal?
40. Name of the Cherokee Nation's capital?
41. What did the Indian Removal Act require Native Americans to do?

Chapter 7

42. Two main crops in Georgia before the Civil War? Tobacco and _____
43. What contributed to the growing differences between the North and South?
44. What were the two previous names of Atlanta?
45. Immediate reaction to Lincoln's election as President?

46. Define abolitionist.
47. Define antebellum.
48. What did the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850 do?
49. Lincoln's main purpose in fighting the war?
50. President of the Confederate States of America?
51. Three Confederate leaders carved on Stone Mountain?
52. Where did the Confederate surrender occur and what two generals were involved?
53. What is Andersonville, Georgia, best known for?
54. Year Civil War began and ended?

Chapter 8

55. Define Reconstruction and include the years of Reconstruction.
56. Define Scalawag and Carpetbagger.
57. Five cities that have served as capital of Georgia?
58. What does "New South" mean and who came up with the phrase (spokesman of the New South)?

Chapter 9

59. What did "Jim Crow" laws do?
60. Supreme Court decision of Plessy v. Ferguson?
61. What were some of the restrictions southern state governments placed on black voters?
62. What events pulled Georgia into World War I?

Chapter 11

63. What events in the 1920s contributed to a farm depression?
64. What were some of the economic symptoms that led to the Great Depression?
65. What was the "New Deal" and who was the President responsible?
66. What was the final event that pulled the U.S. into World War II?
67. What finally brought an end to World War II?

Study These...Answers Provided

68. What was the holocaust? **Massive genocide by the Nazi regime of over six million European Jews and the killing of over two million non-Jews. Hitler called this the "Final Solution". He wanted to eliminate the Jewish race.**
69. Supreme Court decision of Brown v. Board of Education? **Overturned "separate but equal" ruling (unconstitutional); led to desegregation.**
70. Result of Watergate scandal? **President Nixon resigned.**
71. President Jimmy Carter's greatest accomplishment? **Negotiated peace in the Middle East between the countries of _____ and _____.**
72. Define Cold War. **Time of military and political tension between Communist (Soviet Union) and non-Communist (U.S.).**

Define Using the Glossary

73. Define urban, suburban, and rural.

Chapter 15

74. Similarities and differences in the Korea and Vietnam conflict? **Both involve the U.S. helping the non-communist part of the country to resist a communist takeover; both are countries in Asia**
75. How is Georgia's constitution like the U.S. Constitution?
76. Three branches of state government and who makes up each part?
77. What is the name of Georgia's state legislature and what are its two parts?
78. Gulf War – **U.S. defeated forces from Iraq in "Operation Desert Storm" (1991)**